Sixty-ninth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

SENATE BILL NO. 2129

Introduced by

Workforce Development Committee

(At the request of the State Board of Veterinary Medical Examiners)

- 1 A BILL for an Act to create and enact six new sections to chapter 43-29 of the North Dakota
- 2 Century Code, relating to the practice of veterinary medicine and veterinary technology; to
- 3 amend and reenact section 43-29-01.1, subsection 1 of section 43-29-02, sections 43-29-03,
- 4 43-29-04, 43-29-05, 43-29-05.1, 43-29-06, 43-29-07, 43-29-07.1, 43-29-07.2, 43-29-07.3,
- 5 43-29-08.1, 43-29-13, 43-29-14, and 43-29-15, subsection 2 of section 43-29-16, sections
- 6 43-29-16.1 and 43-29-17, and subsection 2 of section 43-29-19 of the North Dakota Century
- 7 Code, relating to the practice of veterinary medicine and veterinary technology; to repeal
- 8 sections 43-29-09, 43-29-10, 43-29-11, and 43-29-12.1 of the North Dakota Century Code,
- 9 relating to the practice of veterinary medicine and veterinary technology; and to provide a
- 10 penalty.

11 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

- 12 **SECTION 1. AMENDMENT.** Section 43-29-01.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
- 14 **43-29-01.1.** Definitions.
- As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:
- "Animal" means any member of the animal kingdom other than a human being
 whether living or dead.
- 2. "Accredited Approved college of veterinary medicine" means any veterinary college or division of a university or college which offers the degree of doctor of veterinary
 medicine or its equivalent and which conforms to the standards required for accreditation by the council on education of the American veterinary medical
- 22 association has been approved by the board by rule.
- 23 <u>2.3.</u> "Accredited Approved program in veterinary technology" means any postsecondary educational program of two or more academic years that is accredited by the

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- committee on veterinary technician education and activities of the American veterinary
 medical association which offers a degree in veterinary technology or its equivalent
 and has been approved by the board by rule.

 3. "Animal" means any animal other than a human being. The term includes any
 mammal, bird, fish, reptile, or fowl, whether wild or domestic, living or dead.
- 7 5. "Certificate" means a certificate issued by the educational commission for foreign8 veterinary graduates or the educational equivalence program of the American9 association of veterinary state boards, indicating the holder has demonstrated-

"Board" means the board of veterinary medical examiners.

- association of veterinary state boards, indicating the holder has demonstrated
 knowledge and skill equivalent to that possessed by a graduate of an accredited
 college of veterinary medicine.
- 12 6. "Licensed veterinarian" means a person who is licensed by the board to practiceveterinary medicine.
- 7. "Licensed veterinary technician" means a person who has graduated from an
 accredited program in veterinary technology or an equivalent program as determined
 by the board, and who has passed an examination prescribed by the board.
- 17 8. "Client" means the patient's owner, owner's agent, or other individual presenting the patient for care.
- 6. "Complementary, integrative, and alternative therapies" means a heterogeneous group
 of preventative, diagnostic, and therapeutic philosophies and practices not considered
 part of conventional veterinary medicine practiced by most veterinarians.
 - 7. "Consent" means the veterinarian has informed the client of the diagnostic and treatment options, risk assessment, and prognosis, and the client has authorized the recommended services.
- 8. "Consultation" means that a veterinarian receives advice or assistance in person, or
 by any method of communication, from a veterinarian or other individual whose
 expertise, in the opinion of the veterinarian, would benefit a patient.
- 9. "Direct supervision" means the supervising veterinarian is readily available on the
 premises where the patient is being treated and has assumed responsibility for the
 veterinary care given to the patient by an individual working under the direction of the
 veterinarian.

animal;

1 "Immediate supervision" means the supervising veterinarian is in the immediate area 10. 2 and within audible and visual range of the patient and the individual treating the patient 3 and has assumed responsibility for the veterinary care given to the patient by an 4 individual working under the direction of the veterinarian. 5 <u>11.</u> "Impaired veterinarian" means a veterinarian who is unable to practice veterinary 6 medicine with reasonable skill and safety because of a physical or mental disability or 7 the use of alcohol, drugs, or other habit-forming chemicals. 8 <u>12.</u> "Impaired veterinary technician" means a veterinary technician who is unable to 9 practice veterinary technology with reasonable skill and safety because of a physical 10 or mental disability or the use of alcohol, drugs, or other habit-forming chemicals. 11 13. "Indirect supervision" means the supervising veterinarian is not on the premises where 12 the patient is being treated but has given written or oral instructions for the treatment 13 of the patient, is readily available for communication, and has assumed responsibility 14 for the veterinary care given to the patient by an individual working under the direction 15 of the veterinarian. 16 "Jurisdiction" means any commonwealth, state, or territory of the United States of <u>14.</u> 17 America, including the District of Columbia, or any province of Canada. 18 <u>15.</u> "Patient" means an animal or group of animals examined or treated by a veterinarian. 19 "Practice of veterinary medicine" means tothe: <u>16.</u> 20 Diagnose, treat, correct, change, relieve, or prevent animal Diagnosis, prognosis, a. 21 correction, supervision, recommendation, or performance of any medical or 22 surgical treatment, including complementary, integrative or alternative therapies, 23 for the diagnosis, prevention, cure, or relief of a wound, disease, deformity, 24 defect, fracture, bodily injury, or otherdental, physical, behavioral, or mental 25 conditions. The term includes the prescription or administration of any drug, 26 medicine, biologic, apparatus, application, anesthetic, or other therapeutic or 27 diagnostic substance or technique, the use of any manual or mechanical 28 procedure for testing for pregnancy, or for correcting sterility or infertility, or to-29 render advice or recommendation with regard to any of the above.condition of an

1		b.	Rep	resentPrescription, distribution, or administration of a drug, medicine,
2			<u>ane</u>	sthetic, biologic, appliance, apparatus, application, or treatment to an animal;
3		<u>C.</u>	Pro	vision of any manual or mechanical procedure for the diagnosis or treatment
4			of p	regnancy, sterility, or infertility of an animal;
5		<u>d.</u>	<u>Det</u>	ermination of the health, fitness, or soundness of an animal;
6		<u>e.</u>	Rep	resentation of oneself, directly or indirectly, publicly or privately, an ability and
7			Willi	ngness to do an act described in subdivision a.as engaging in the practice of
8			vete	erinary medicine; or
9		c. <u>f.</u>	Use	of any title, word, abbreviation, or letter in a manner or under circumstances
10			that	induce the belief the personthat the individual using the such title, word,
11			abb	reviation, or letter is qualified to do any act described in subdivision a
12			<u>auth</u>	norized to practice veterinary medicine under this chapter.
13		d.	App	ly principles of environmental sanitation, food inspection, environmental
14			poll	ution control, animal nutrition, zoonotic disease control, and disaster medicine
15			in t h	ne promotion and protection of public health.
16	<u>17.</u>	<u>a.</u>	<u>"Pra</u>	actice of veterinary technology" means the:
17			<u>(1)</u>	Provision of professional medical care, monitoring, or treatment on the basis
18				of written or oral instructions from a veterinarian;
19			<u>(2)</u>	Representation of oneself, directly or indirectly, as engaging in the practice
20				of veterinary technology; or
21			<u>(3)</u>	Use of any title, word, abbreviation, or letter in a manner or under
22				circumstances that induce the belief that the individual using such title is
23				authorized to practice veterinary technology under this chapter.
24		<u>b.</u>	<u>This</u>	s section may not be construed to permit a veterinary technician to do the
25			<u>follo</u>	<u>owing:</u>
26			<u>(1)</u>	Surgery, except when acting as a surgical assistant to a veterinarian;
27			<u>(2)</u>	Diagnose;
28			<u>(3)</u>	Prognose; or
29			<u>(4)</u>	Prescribe.
30	<u>18.</u>	<u>"Sta</u>	ate bo	pard examination" means the jurisprudence examination administered by the
31		boa	ard.	

1 "Supervising veterinarian" means a veterinarian who has a valid veterinarian-client-19. 2 patient relationship and assumes responsibility for the veterinary care provided to the 3 patient by an individual working under the direction of the veterinarian. 4 20. "Teleadvice" means the provision of any health information, opinion, or guidance that 5 is not specific to a particular animal's health, illness, or injury and is not intended to 6 diagnose, prognose, or treat an animal. 7 21. "Telehealth" means the use of technology to gather and deliver health information, 8 advice, education, or patient care remotely. 9 22. "Teletriage" means electronic communication with the client to determine urgency and 10 need for immediate referral to a veterinarian. 11 <u>23.</u> "Veterinarian" means an individual who is licensed to practice veterinary medicine 12 under this chapter. 13 9.24. "Veterinarian-client-patient relationship" means: 14 A a relationship in which the veterinarian has assumed the responsibility for 15 making medical judgments regarding the health of an animal and the need for-16 medical treatment, a patient and the client, who is the owner or other caretaker, 17 has agreed to follow the instructions of the veterinarian. 18 b. There is sufficient knowledge of the animal by the veterinarian to initiate at least a 19 general or preliminary diagnosis of the medical condition of the animal. 20 The practicing veterinarian is readily available for followup in the case of adverse-C. 21 reactions or failure of the regimen of therapy. This relationship exists only when 22 the veterinarian has recently seen and is personally acquainted with the keeping-23 and care of the animal by virtue of an examination of the animal and by medically-24 appropriate and timely visits to the premises where the animal is kept. 25 "Veterinary medicine" includes veterinary surgery, obstetrics, dentistry, chiropractic, 10.25. 26 acupuncture, and all other branches or specialties of veterinary medicine. 27 <u> 26.</u> "Veterinary premises" means any premises or facility where the practice of veterinary 28 medicine is performed but may not include the premises of a client, research facility, 29 military base, or an approved college of veterinary medicine. 30 "Veterinary technician" means an individual who is licensed to practice veterinary <u>27.</u>

technology under this chapter.

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- 1 <u>28.</u> "Veterinary technology" includes all branches or specialties of veterinary technology.
- 2 <u>29.</u> "Veterinary telemedicine" means the virtual practice of veterinary medicine over the
 3 telecommunications infrastructure.
- 4 **SECTION 2.** A new section to chapter 43-29 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted as follows:

6 Requirements of a veterinarian-client-patient relationship.

- A veterinarian-client-patient relationship may not be established unless the
 veterinarian has sufficient knowledge of the patient to initiate a general or preliminary
 diagnosis of the medical condition of the patient. To establish a veterinarian-client patient relationship, the veterinarian must be personally acquainted with the keeping
 and care of the patient by virtue of a medically appropriate and timely in-person
 examination of the patient by the veterinarian, or by a timely in-person visit to the
 premises where the patient is managed or resides.
 - 2. The veterinarian must be reasonably available for patient follow up care after a veterinarian-client-patient relationship is established.
- 16 <u>3. The veterinarian shall provide oversight of patient treatment.</u>
- 17 <u>4. Patient records must be maintained according to rules promulgated by the board.</u>
- 5. <u>A veterinarian-client-patient relationship may not be established solely through</u>
 veterinary telemedicine.
- 6. A veterinarian seeking consultation must maintain the veterinarian-client-patient
 relationship.
- 22 <u>7. A veterinarian may terminate a veterinarian-client-patient relationship by notifying the client that the veterinarian no longer wishes to serve the patient and client.</u>
- 24 8. The veterinarian shall refer the patient to another veterinarian for diagnosis, care, and
 25 treatment if the veterinarian-client-patient relationship has been terminated and an
 26 ongoing medical or surgical condition exists. The veterinarian must allow the client a
 27 reasonable amount of time to arrange care with another veterinarian.
- 9. A veterinarian who in good faith engages in the practice of veterinary medicine by
 rendering or attempting to render emergency care may not be subject to penalty
 based solely on the inability to establish a veterinarian-client-patient relationship.

1 The veterinarian-client-patient relationship may extend to all veterinarians within the 2 same practice with access to the patient records. 3 SECTION 3. AMENDMENT. Subsection 1 of section 43-29-02 of the North Dakota Century 4 Code is amended and reenacted as follows: 5 1. The state board of veterinary medical examiners consists of five gubernatorially 6 appointed members. In appointing the board members, the governor shall appoint 7 three veterinarians, one veterinarian veterinary technician, and one individual 8 representing the public. In appointing the veterinarian members of the board, the 9 governor shall make an effort to appoint: 10 One veterinarian whose practice has a predominant focus on large animals; 11 One veterinarian whose practice has a predominant focus on small animals; and b. 12 One veterinarian whose practice focuses on both large and small animals. 13 SECTION 4. AMENDMENT. Section 43-29-03 of the North Dakota Century Code is 14 amended and reenacted as follows: 15 43-29-03. Officers of board - Seal - Meetings - Limitations on meetings -16 Examinations Duties of board - Rules - Code of ethics - Inspection of facilities -17 **Educational requirements - ReciprocityFees.** 18 The board shall elect a president and a secretary. The board shall have a seal, and 19 the president and the secretary may administer oathsvice president. The board shall 20 hold meetings semiannually in the spring and fall of each year for the 21 examinationapproval of candidates at a time and place specified by the 22 board applicants for licensure. The board may hold any other meeting it determines 23 necessary at the time and place it designates. No session of the board may exceed 24 two days. A quorum of the board consists of two members and such quorum is-25 sufficientmust be present to conduct the business and proceedings of the board. 26 except that any changes in the rules must be taken at a meeting at which all the 27 members are present. 28 2. The board may adopt and enforce reasonable rules, and orders that it determines to 29 be necessary to the performance of its duties and the regulation of the practice of 30 veterinary medicine; establish standards for professional conduct, inspection of

facilities, and educational requirements for renewal and granting of licenses; prescribe-

1 forms for application for examination; prepare and supervise examination of applicants 2 for license to practice veterinary medicine; obtain the services of professional 3 examination agencies in lieu of its own preparation of such examinations; and issue-4 and revoke licenses as provided in this chapter. All rules must be submitted to the 5 attorney general in accordance with chapter 28-32., veterinary technology, and 6 veterinary telemedicine, including to: 7 Establish standards for professional conduct and inspection of veterinary 8 premises; 9 Establish requirements for granting of licenses and temporary licenses; <u>b.</u> 10 Establish requirements for renewal of licenses and continuing education; C. 11 Prepare application forms for licensure and renewal; d. 12 Administer the state board examination for qualified applicants: <u>e.</u> 13 Obtain the services of professional examination agencies to administer national f. 14 examinations; and 15 Issue, suspend, revoke, or place on probationary status licenses and temporary g. 16 licenses as provided in this chapter. 17 <u>3.</u> All rules must be submitted to the attorney general in accordance with chapter 28-32. 18 3.4. The board may, in its discretion, enter reciprocal agreements with the examining-19 boards of other states and nations, governing the granting of licenses to practice 20 veterinary medicine and surgery in this state without the applicant taking a written-21 examination. Under no circumstances, however, may any reciprocal agreement be-22 entered with the board of another state or nation unless the requirements for the 23 granting of licenses in the other state or nation are on an equal or higher standard to 24 the requirements of this state. The board may prescribe by rule any other terms or 25 conditions to be contained in the agreements. The board shall determine the fee for 26 license by reciprocity agreement.shall set the following by rule: 27 Application fee; <u>a.</u> 28 License fee; b. 29 Temporary license fee; C. 30 <u>d.</u> Renewal fee; 31 Late renewal fee; and e.

1	f. Continuing education fee.
2	SECTION 5. AMENDMENT. Section 43-29-04 of the North Dakota Century Code is
3	amended and reenacted as follows:
4	43-29-04. Record of proceedings of board - Register of applicants kept by board -
5	Records and register as evidence.
6	The state board of veterinary medical examiners shall keep a record of all its proceedings
7	and a register of applicants for licenses showing the name of each applicant, the time spent by
8	each applicant in the study and practice of veterinary medicine, surgery, or dentistry or
9	veterinary technology, and the name and location of the school, college, or universityprogram
0	which granted the applicant a degree or diploma. Such books and records are prima facie
11	evidence of the matters recorded therein.
2	SECTION 6. AMENDMENT. Section 43-29-05 of the North Dakota Century Code is
3	amended and reenacted as follows:
4	43-29-05. Compensation and expenses of members of board.
5	Members of the board may receive for each day during which they are actually engaged in
6	the performance of the duties of their office such per diem as must be fixed by the board. They
7	may also be reimbursed for necessary travel expenses and meals and lodging expenses at the
8	same rate and in the same manner as are elected officials and employees of the state.
9	The board may select one of its members to attend the annual meeting of the national
20	organization of state examining boards. The member so selected may be reimbursed for
21	necessary travel expenses and meals and lodging expenses at the same rate and in the same
22	manner as are elected officials and employees of the state.
23	The board may incur no expense exceeding the sum received as fees, as hereinafter
24	provided.
25	SECTION 7. AMENDMENT. Section 43-29-05.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is
26	amended and reenacted as follows:
27	43-29-05.1. Executive secretarydirector.
28	The board may employ an executive secretarydirector and such other personsindividuals as
29	it deems advisablenecessary to carry out the purpose of this chapter at such salaries as it may
30	determine.

- Each biennium the executive secretary shall prepare the budget of the board for presentation to the executive office of the budget. The executive secretary shall also carry out all routine secretarial and other duties as directed by the board.
- **SECTION 8. AMENDMENT.** Section 43-29-06 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
- 43-29-06. Graduation from recognized school and certificate or permit from
 boardLicense required.
 - Only a graduate of the veterinary course offered in a veterinary school, college, or university recognized by the board, and who possesses a certificate of registrationAn individual must have a license or temporary license issued by the board which is in effect, may engage in the topractice of veterinary medicine or veterinary technology.
- SECTION 9. AMENDMENT. Section 43-29-07 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
 - 43-29-07. Application for license Change of address Display of certificate of registrationRequirements for veterinarian licensure.
 - 1. A person desiring
 - The board may grant a license to practice veterinary medicine in this state shall make written application to the board. The application must show the applicant is a graduate of an accredited college of veterinary medicine or the holder of a certificate. The application must also show the applicant is a person of good moral character and any other information and proof the board may require. The application must be accompanied by a fee in the amount established by the board. If the board determines an applicant possesses the proper qualifications, the board shall admit the applicant to the next examination. If the applicant is eligible for license without examination under section 43-29-07.2, the board may grant the applicant a license. If an applicant is found not qualified to take the examination or for a license without examination, the board shall immediately notify the applicant in writing of this finding and the grounds of this finding. An applicant found unqualified may request a hearing on the question of the applicant's qualifications.
 - 2. Each veterinarian licensed by the board, whether a resident or not, shall notify the secretary of any change in that person's office address or employment within sixty days after the change has taken place. Any person licensed to practice veterinary

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1		medicine after the fifteenth day of April, or any person issued a temporary permit to-					
2		practice veterinary medicine after that date, is exempt from this requirement to pay					
3		annual registration fee until the first day of July of the year following licensure.					
4	3.	Registration is a condition precedent to the practice of veterinary medicine and					
5		surgery in this state, and a certificate of registration currently in effect must be on					
6		display at all times in the office of each veterinarian engaged in active practice.to an					
7		applicant who:					
8	<u>1.</u>	Is a graduate of an approved college of veterinary medicine or has completed an					
9		equivalency program of veterinary medicine as established by the board by rule;					
10	<u>2.</u>	Passes the national board examination and clinical competency test, or the North					
11		American veterinary licensing examination;					
12	<u>3.</u>	Passes the state board examination;					
13	<u>4.</u>	Has no grounds for license refusal under section 43-29-14; and					
14	<u>5.</u>	Meets any additional requirements for licensure established by the board by rule.					
15	SECTION 10. AMENDMENT. Section 43-29-07.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is						
16	amended and reenacted as follows:						
17	43-2	29-07.1. Veterinary technicians - Examinations Requirements for veterinary					
18	technic	ian licensure.					
19	1.	An					
20	<u>The</u>	The board may grant a license to practice veterinary technology to an applicant for-					
21	licensur	e as a veterinary technician must have an examination date offered at least annually at					
22	a time, place, and date determined by the board at least ninety days before the scheduled-						
23	examination.						
24	2.	An applicant for licensure as a veterinary technician must pass the veterinary					
25		technician national examination with a score approved by the board.					
26	3.	An applicant for licensure as a veterinary technician who has successfully passed the					
27		veterinary technician national examination shall request that the applicant's					
28		examination scores be forwarded to the board. An applicant is eligible for licensure					
29		upon meeting the licensure requirements set by the board.who:					
30	1	Is a graduate of an approved program of veterinary technology or completed an					

equivalency program of veterinary technology as established by the board by rule;

- 1 <u>2.</u> <u>Passes the veterinary technician national examination;</u>
- 2 <u>3. Passes the state board examination;</u>
- 3 4. Has no grounds for license refusal under section 43-29-14; and
- 4 <u>5.</u> <u>Meets any additional requirements for licensure established by the board by rule.</u>
- **SECTION 11. AMENDMENT.** Section 43-29-07.2 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

7 43-29-07.2. Examination - License without examination - Temporary permitlicense.

- The board shall hold at least two examinations a year. The board shall adopt rules governing preparation, administration, and grading of examinations. Examinations must be designed to test the examinee's knowledge of and proficiency in the subjects and techniques commonly taught in veterinary schools. To pass the examination, the examinee must demonstrate scientific and practical knowledge sufficient to prove competency to practice veterinary medicine in the judgment of the board. An examinee must be tested by written examination, supplemented by any oral interview and practical demonstration the board determines necessary. The board may adopt and use the examination prepared by the national board of veterinary medical examiners. After each examination, the board shall notify each examinee of the result of the examination, and the board shall issue a license to each person who passed the examination. The board shall record each new license and issue a certificate of registration to each new licensee. Any person failing an examination may be admitted to any subsequent examination on approval by the board and payment of the application fee.
- 2. The board may issue a license without a written examination to a qualified applicant who furnishes satisfactory proof of graduation from an accredited or approved college of veterinary medicine, or holds a certificate, and who:
 - a. Has for the five years immediately before filing of the application been a practicing veterinarian licensed in a state having license requirements at the time the applicant was first licensed which were substantially equivalent to the requirements of this chapter;

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1 Has within the three years immediately before filing the application successfully 2 completed the examinations provided by the national board of veterinary medical-3 examiners; or 4 Currently holds a license to practice in at least one state, has active diplomat-C. 5 status in a specialty organization recognized by the American veterinary medical-6 association, and whose practice is limited to the certified specialty in the state in-7 which the specialist is licensed without examination. 8 3. The board may issue without examination a temporary permitlicense to practice 9 veterinary medicine in this state to: 10 A qualified applicant for license pending examination, if the temporary permit-11 expires the day after the notice of results of the first examination given after the 12 permit is issued. A temporary permit may not be issued to an applicant who-13 previously has failed the examination in this or any other state or a foreign-14 country. 15 b. A nonresident veterinarian validly licensed in another state or a foreign country-16 who pays the fee established and published by the board if the temporary permit-17 is issued for a period of no more than sixty days and no more than one permit is-18 issued to a person during each calendar year. 19 A senior veterinary student who practices in the office of and under the direct C. 20 supervision of a licensed veterinarian. A temporary student permit may not 21 exceed six months from its date of issuance and is granted without payment of a 22 fee. 23 A graduate of a nonaccredited college of veterinary medicine, who has d. 24 satisfactorily completed the fourth year of clinical study at an accredited or-25 approved college of veterinary medicine, has successfully passed the 26 examination provided by the national board of veterinary medical examiners, and 27 is enrolled in the educational commission for foreign veterinary graduates 28 program. The holder of a temporary permit issued under this subdivision must

practice under the supervision of a licensed veterinarian. A temporary permit

issued under this subdivision is valid until the holder obtains a certificate or for-

1 two years a qualified applicant who has met the requirements established by the 2 board. 3 SECTION 12. AMENDMENT. Section 43-29-07.3 of the North Dakota Century Code is 4 amended and reenacted as follows: 5 43-29-07.3. License Veterinarian - License renewal - Continuing education 6 requirements. 7 1. All licenses expireA veterinarian license expires annually as of July first but may be 8 renewed by registration with the board and payment of the registration renewal fee-9 established by the board. On June first of each year, the board shall mail a notice to 10 each licensed veterinarian that the licensee's license will expire as of July first and 11 provide the licensee with a form for registration. The board shall issue a new certificate 12 of registration to a person reregistering under this section. Any person who willfully or-13 by neglect fails to renew a license and who practices veterinary medicine after the 14 expiration of the license is practicing in violation of this chapteron June thirtieth. 15 <u>2.</u> A veterinarian license may be renewed by submission of the following to the board, no 16 later than June thirtieth: 17 A complete renewal application; <u>a.</u> 18 <u>b.</u> Payment of the renewal fee established by the board; and 19 Proof of completion of board required continuing education. <u>C.</u> 20 An individual who neglects or willfully fails to renew a license and practices veterinary <u>3.</u> 21 medicine after the expiration of the license, is practicing veterinary medicine in 22 violation of this chapter. 23 Any qualified personAn individual may renew an expired license within twofive years of 2.4. 24 the date of its expiration by making written completing an application for renewal and, 25 paying the current renewal fee plus all delinguent renewal fees, and completing all 26 required continuing education. After twofive years have elapsed since the date of 27 expiration, a license may not be renewed, but the holder may make applicationapply 28 for a new license and take the license examination. The board may by rule waive the 29 payment of the registration renewal fee of a licensed veterinarian during the period-30 when the veterinarian is on active duty with any branch of the armed services of the 31 United States, not to exceed the longer of three years or the duration of active duty.

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- 1 The board may adopt rules establishing requirements for the continuing education of 3.5. 2 veterinarians and veterinary technicians. The board may refuse to renew or may 3 suspend, revoke, or place on probationary status any license issued under this 4 chapter upon proof the licenseeveterinarian has failed to meet the applicable 5 continuing education requirements. Applicants for accreditation of continuing 6 education courses, classes, or activities may be charged a reasonable fee determined 7 by the board. 8 SECTION 13. AMENDMENT. Section 43-29-08.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is
- 8 **SECTION 13. AMENDMENT.** Section 43-29-08.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
- 43-29-08.1. Veterinary technician Renewal of license <u>- Continuing education</u>
 requirements.
 - 1. A license issued to a veterinary technician under this chapter expires license expires annually on December thirty-first.
 - 2. A veterinary technician shall submit renewal fees and current mailing address beforelicense may be renewed by submission of the following to the board, no later than December thirty-first on an application form provided and mailed to the licenseholder by the board:
 - a. A complete renewal application;
 - b. Payment of a renewal fee established by the board; and
 - c. Proof of completion of board required continuing education.
- 3. A veterinary technician shall submit evidence of completion of required continuing
 education credits in the veterinary field during the calendar year in order to apply for a
 license renewalAn individual who neglects or willfully fails to renew a license and
 practices veterinary technology after the expiration of the license, is practicing
 veterinary technology in violation of this chapter.
 - 4. Failure to submit the appropriate An individual may renew an expired license renewalfee every year results in forfeiture of all rights and privileges under this chapter and the
 veterinary technician may not perform veterinary technician services unless the
 veterinary technician pays a delinquency fee in addition to the license within five years
 of the date of its expiration by completing an application for renewal, paying the
 current renewal fee plus all delinquent renewal fees, and completing all required

1 continuing education. After five years have elapsed since the date of expiration, a 2 license may not be renewed, but the holder may apply for a new license. 3 <u>5.</u> The board may refuse to renew or may suspend, revoke, or place on probationary 4 status any license issued under this chapter upon proof the veterinary technician has 5 failed to meet the applicable continuing education requirements. 6 SECTION 14. AMENDMENT. Section 43-29-13 of the North Dakota Century Code is 7 amended and reenacted as follows: 8 43-29-13. Practices excepted from chapter Exceptions to the unlicensed practice of 9 veterinary medicine. 10 1. The following persons individuals may not be considered to be engaging in the practice 11 of veterinary medicine in this state: 12 1. Those who administer to livestocktreat animals, the title to which rests inowned a. 13 by themselves, or in their regular employer, except when the ownership of the 14 animal was transferred or otherwise manipulated to avoid the requirements of 15 this chapter, or those who perform gratuitous services. 16 2. b. Anyone An individual who conducts experiments in scientific research in the 17 development of methods, techniques, or treatment, directly or indirectly 18 applicable to the problems of medicine, and who in connection with these 19 activities uses animals. 20 3. Anyone who is a regular student enrolled in an accredited or approved college <u>C.</u> 21 of veterinary medicine performing duties or actions assigned by an instructor or 22 working under the direct supervision of a licensed veterinarian during a school-23 vacation period. 24 4. d. Anyone licensed in another state or nation when An individual engaged in this 25 state in consultation with veterinarians legally practicing herein. 26 A senior student who is in an approved school of veterinary medicine and who-5. e. 27 obtains from the board a student permit to practice in the office and under the 28 direct supervision of any veterinarian practicing within this state. 29 6. AnyAn employee of the United States or this state while in the performance of duties 30 as employeesan employee.

1 Any A merchant or manufacturer selling nonprescription medicine, feed, an 2 appliance, or any other product used for use as labeled in the prevention or 3 treatment of animal diseases. 4 8. Any veterinary technician or other An employee of a licensed veterinarian g. 5 performing duties under the direction andor supervision of the veterinarian 6 responsible for the technician's or other employee's performance, except the 7 following duties: 8 <u>(1)</u> Performing surgery; 9 (2)Diagnosing; 10 (3) Prognosing; or 11 (4) Prescribing. 12 9. h. Any member of the faculty of an accredited college of veterinary medicine 13 performing regular functions or a personAn individual lecturing or giving 14 instructions or demonstrations at an accredited college of veterinary medicine or 15 in connection with aan approved continuing education course or seminar. 16 10. Any personAn individual selling or applying any pesticide, insecticide, or 17 herbicide. 18 11. AnyAn individual who is not a graduate of a foreignan approved college of 19 veterinary medicine who, and is in the process of obtaining a certificate and is-20 enrolled in an equivalency program of veterinary medicine as approved by the 21 board, performing duties or actions assigned by the graduate's instructorsan 22 instructor in an accredited approved college of veterinary medicine. 23 12. <u>k.</u> Any personAn individual performing a direct embryo transfer procedure on a 24 recipient cow. Except as provided in this subsection, a personan individual 25 performing a direct embryo transfer procedure on a recipient cow may not 26 administer prescription drugs to the cow during, or as part of, the procedure. The 27 owner of the recipient cow, however, may administer or cause the administration 28 of prescription drugs to the recipient cow during, or as part of, the procedure if a 29 veterinarian-client-patient relationship exists as prescribed by a veterinarian. 30 An individual who administers medication or treatment as prescribed by a 31 veterinarian.

1		<u>m.</u>	An individual who performs gratuitous services for an animal in a life-threatening
2			situation.
3	<u>2.</u>	<u>Thi</u>	s section may not be construed to protect individuals from animal cruelty laws in
4		this	state.
5	SEC	CTIO	N 15. A new section to chapter 43-29 of the North Dakota Century Code is created
6	and ena	acted	as follows:
7	Exc	eptic	ons to unlicensed practice of veterinary technology.
8	<u>1.</u>	The	e following individuals may not be considered to be engaging in the practice of
9		vet	erinary technology in this state:
10		<u>a.</u>	An individual who treats an animal owned by the individual or the individual's
11			regular employee, except when ownership of the animal was transferred or
12			otherwise manipulated to avoid the requirements of this chapter.
13		<u>b.</u>	An individual who conducts experiments in scientific research in the development
14			of methods, techniques, or treatment, directly or indirectly applicable to the
15			problems of medicine, and who in connection with these activities uses animals.
16		<u>C.</u>	A student enrolled in an approved program of veterinary technology performing
17			duties or actions assigned by an instructor or working under the direct
18			supervision of a veterinarian.
19		<u>d.</u>	An employee of the United States or this state while in the performance of duties
20			as employees.
21		<u>e.</u>	An employee of a veterinarian performing duties under the direction or
22			supervision of the veterinarian responsible for the employee's performance.
23		<u>f.</u>	An individual lecturing or giving instructions or demonstrations in connection with
24			an approved continuing education course or seminar.
25		<u>g.</u>	An individual who is not a graduate of an approved program of veterinary
26			technology, enrolled in an equivalency program of veterinary technology as
27			approved by the board, performing duties or actions assigned by an instructor in
28			an approved program of veterinary technology.
29		<u>h.</u>	An individual who administers medication or treatment as prescribed by a
30			veterinarian.

1		<u>i.</u>	An individual who performs gratuitous services for an animal in a life-threatening
2			situation.
3	<u>2.</u>	<u>This</u>	section may not be construed to protect individuals from animal cruelty laws in
4		this	state.
5	SEC	OIT	16. AMENDMENT. Section 43-29-14 of the North Dakota Century Code is
6	amende	d and	I reenacted as follows:
7	43-2	9-14	Refusal, suspension, and revocation of license and certificate -
8	Reinsta	teme	nt and relicense.
9	1.	The	state board of veterinary medical examiners may refuse to issue a license or
0		certi	ficate of registrationtemporary license, or may suspend or revoke a license and
11		certi	ficate of registrationor temporary license, upon any of the following grounds:
2		a.	Fraud or deception in procuring the license, including conduct that violates the
3			security or integrity of any licensing examination.
4		b.	The use of advertising or solicitation that is false, misleading, or otherwise
5			determined unprofessional under rules adopted by the board.
6		C.	Habitual intemperance in the use of intoxicating liquors, or habitual addiction to
7			the use of morphine, cocaine, or other habit-forming drugsAn individual is
8			determined to be an impaired veterinarian as defined by section 43-29.01.1 or an
9			impaired veterinary technician as defined by section 43-29-01.1.
20		d.	Immoral, unprofessional, or dishonorable conduct manifestly disqualifying the
21			licenseeveterinarian or veterinary technician from practicing veterinary medicine
22			or veterinary technology.
23		e.	Incompetence, gross negligence, or other malpractice in the practice of
24			veterinary medicine or veterinary technology.
25		f.	Employment of unlicensed persons individuals to perform work that under this
26			chapter can lawfully be done only by persons individuals licensed to practice
27			veterinary medicine or veterinary technology.
28		g.	Fraud or dishonest conduct in applying or reporting diagnostic biological tests,
29			inspecting foodstuffs, or in issuing health certificates regulatory documents.
30		h.	Failure of the licensee to keep the premises and equipment used in the licensee's
31			practice in a reasonably clean and sanitary condition and failure to use

1 reasonably sanitary methods in the practice of veterinary medicine or veterinary 2 technology. 3 İ. Violation of the rules adopted by the board. 4 Conviction of an offense determined by the board to have a direct bearing upon aj. 5 person'sthe ability of an individual to serve the public as a veterinarian or 6 veterinary technician, or when the board determines, following conviction of any 7 offense, that a personan individual is not sufficiently rehabilitated under section 8 12.1-33-02.1. 9 Willful or repeated violations of this chapter or any rule adopted by the board. k. 10 Ι. Failure to report, as required by law, or making false report of, any contagious or 11 infectious disease. 12 Cruelty to animals as defined under chapter 36-21.2. m. 13 Revocation of a license to practice veterinary medicine or veterinary technology n. 14 by another state jurisdiction on grounds other than nonpayment of a 15 registrationrenewal fee. 16 The use, prescription, or dispensing of any veterinary prescription drug, or the Ο. 17 prescription or extra-label use of any over-the-counter drug, in the absence of a 18 valid veterinarian-client-patient relationship, except as provided by section 19 43-29-19. 20 2. Any personAn individual whose license has been revoked may apply to the board for 21 reinstatement and relicensure one year after the date of revocation. The board may 22 reissue a license if the board is satisfied the applicant is qualified to practice veterinary 23 medicine or veterinary technology, meets the existing requirements for licensure, and 24 will comply with the rules regarding the practice of veterinary medicine or veterinary 25 technology. 26 SECTION 17. AMENDMENT. Section 43-29-15 of the North Dakota Century Code is 27 amended and reenacted as follows: 28 43-29-15. Complaints - Investigations. 29 Any personAn individual may file a written complaint with the board setting forth the 30 specific charges upon which the complaint is made. Upon receiving a complaint, the

board shall notify the veterinarian or veterinary technician of the complaint and request

- a written response from the veterinarian <u>or veterinary technician</u>. The board may adopt rules establishing a peer review committee for the purpose of investigating complaints and providing recommendations to the board. A veterinarian <u>or veterinary technician</u> who is the subject of an investigation by the board shall cooperate fully with the investigation. Cooperation includes responding fully and promptly to any reasonable question raised by or on behalf of the board relating to the subject of the investigation and providing copies of records when reasonably requested by the board. <u>Failure to cooperate in the investigative process may be grounds for disciplinary action against the veterinarian or veterinary technician.</u>
- 2. To pursue the investigation, the board may subpoena and examine witnesses and records, including medical records, copy, photograph, or take samples. The board may require the veterinarian to give statements under oath, to submit to a physical or psychological examination, or both, by a physician or other qualified evaluation professional selected by the board if it appears to be in the best interest of the public that this evaluation be secured. After review of the complaint, the veterinarian's response, and information obtained in the investigation, the board shall determine if there is a reasonable basis to believe the allegations are true and that the allegations constitute a violation of this chapter or the rules of the board. If the board determines there is a reasonable basis to believe the allegations are true and the allegations constitute a violation of this chapter or the rules of the board, the board shall take appropriate action. If a reasonable basis is not found by the board, the board shall notify the complaining party and the veterinarian in writing:
 - a. Subpoena and examine witnesses, records, medical records, copy, photograph,
 or take samples;
 - b. Require the veterinarian or veterinary technician to give statements under oath;
 - c. Require the veterinarian or veterinary technician to submit to a physical examination, chemical dependency evaluation, or psychological examination by a physician or other qualified evaluation professional selected by the board if there is reasonable cause to believe the veterinarian or veterinary technician is impaired as defined by 43-29-01.1 or 43-29-01.1;

1		<u>d.</u>	Req	uire the veterinarian or veterinary technician to enroll in a treatment or
2			mon	itoring program approved by the board if the board determines in good faith
3			enro	ollment would be beneficial to the veterinarian or veterinary technician or to
4			prot	ect the public.
5			<u>(1)</u>	Failure to satisfactorily undergo an examination or enroll in a treatment and
6				monitoring program must be reported to the board by the treating
7				professional.
8			<u>(2)</u>	The veterinarian or veterinary technician shall consent to the approved
9				evaluation, examination, or the progress of the treatment or monitoring
0				program, at such intervals the board deems necessary.
11			<u>(3)</u>	The treating professional may release examination information, or treatment
2				and monitoring program information, to the board so the board may
3				evaluate the results of the examination or the progress and effectiveness of
4				the treatment or monitoring program.
5			<u>(4)</u>	Absent a release on file from the veterinarian or veterinary technician, all
16				records released to the board are confidential and are not public records.
7			<u>(5)</u>	The veterinarian or veterinary technician must be responsible for all
8				expenses related to evaluation and treatment.
9	<u>3.</u>	<u>Afte</u>	r revi	ew of the complaint, the response from the veterinarian or veterinary
20		<u>tech</u>	nicia	n, and information obtained in the investigation, the board shall determine if
21		ther	e is a	reasonable basis to believe the allegations are true and if the allegations
22		<u>con</u>	stitute	e a violation of this chapter or the rules of the board. If the board determines
23		<u>ther</u>	e is a	reasonable basis to believe the allegations are true and the allegations
24		<u>con</u>	stitute	e a violation of this chapter or the rules of the board, the board shall take
25		<u>app</u>	<u>ropria</u>	te action. If a reasonable basis is not found by the board, the board shall
26		<u>noti</u>	fy the	complaining party and the veterinarian or veterinary technician in writing.
27	<u>4.</u>	<u>Unle</u>	ess th	e board proceeds with a disciplinary action, the complaint, the response, and
28		<u>any</u>	recor	ds received by the board during an investigation of a complaint under this
29		sec	tion a	re exempt records, as defined in section 44-04-17.1.

1	<u>5.</u>	A veterinarian or veterinary technician shall report in good faith any impaired							
2		veterinarian as defined by 43-29-01.1 or impaired veterinary technician as defined by							
3		<u>43-29-01.1</u> .							
4	SEC	CTION 18. A new section to chapter 43-29 of the North Dakota Century Code is created							
5	and enacted as follows:								
6	<u>lmn</u>	nunity from liability.							
7	<u>The</u>	following individuals must be immune from liability in any civil or criminal proceeding							
8	brought	against the individual for any action occurring while the individual was acting in good							
9	faith witl	nin the scope of the individual's respective capacity:							
0	<u>1.</u>	A member of the board;							
11	<u>2.</u>	A member of a peer review committee;							
2	<u>3.</u>	A witness testifying in a proceeding or hearing authorized under this chapter or							
3		administrative proceeding held under chapter 28-32;							
4	<u>4.</u>	A treating professional;							
5	<u>5.</u>	An individual who files a complaint pursuant to this Act; and							
6	<u>6.</u>	An individual reporting an impaired veterinarian or impaired veterinary technician as							
7		defined by 43-29-01.1.							
8	SEC	CTION 19. AMENDMENT. Subsection 2 of section 43-29-16 of the North Dakota							
9	Century	Code is amended and reenacted as follows:							
20	2.	In any order or decision issued by the board in which disciplinary action is imposed							
21		against a licenseeveterinarian or veterinary technician, the board may direct the							
22		licenseeveterinarian or veterinary technician to pay the board a sum not to exceed the							
23		reasonable and actual costs, including attorney's fees, incurred by the board in the							
24		investigation and prosecution of the case. When applicable, the licensee's license $\underline{\text{or}}$							
25		temporary license of the veterinarian or veterinary technician may be suspended until							
26		the costs are paid to the board.							
27	SEC	CTION 20. AMENDMENT. Section 43-29-16.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is							
28	amende	d and reenacted as follows:							
29	43-2	29-16.1. Abandonment of animals by owner client - Disposal of remains.							
30	1.	Any animal placed in the custody of a licensed doctor of veterinary							

medicineveterinarian for treatment, boarding, or other care, which is abandoned by its-

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- owner or its owner's agentthe client for a period of more than ten days after a written notice, by registered or certified letter, return receipt requested, is givenmailed to the owner or its owner's agentclient at the last-known address, may be turned over to the custody of the nearest humane society or dog pound in the area or disposed of as such custodian may deem proper.
 - 2. The givingservice of notice to the owner, or the agent of the ownerclient, of such animal by the doctor of veterinary medicineveterinarian, as provided in subsection 1, shall relieve the doctor of veterinary medicineveterinarian and any custodian to whom such animal may be given of any further liability for disposal; it is further provided that such. Such procedure by the licensed doctor of veterinary medicineveterinarian does not constitute grounds for disciplinary procedure under this chapter.
 - 3. For the purpose of this section, the term "abandoned" means to forsake entirely or to neglect or refuse to provide or perform the care and support of an animal by its owner-or its owner's agentthe client; such abandonment constitutes the relinquishment of all rights and claim by the owner of such animal.
 - 4. Any animal remains that are left in the possession of a veterinarian and have not been claimed by the client for a period of more than ten days after a written notice, by registered or certified letter, return receipt requested, is mailed to the client at the last-known address, may be disposed of by the veterinarian as deemed proper.
 - **SECTION 21. AMENDMENT.** Section 43-29-17 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
- 22 43-29-17. Unlawful practice of veterinary medicine Penalty Civil remedy.
- 23 Any person who
 - 1. An individual is guilty of a class B misdemeanor if the individual:
- 25 <u>1. a.</u> Practices veterinary medicine, surgery, or dentistry in this state without compliance with the provisions of this chapter;
- 30 <u>3. c.</u> Willfully and falsely, with intent to deceive the public, claims or pretends to be a graduate of, or to hold a degree or diploma showing the satisfactory completion

1			of a course in veterinary science in a school, college, or university			
2	recognized from a program of veterinary medicine approved by the board;					
3	is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.					
4	<u>2.</u>	In a	addition to the criminal penalty provided, the civil remedy of injunction is available to			
5		res	train and enjoin violations of any provisions of this chapter without proof of actual			
6		dan	nages sustained by any person an individual, upon application and unanimous vote			
7		of a	all members of the state board of veterinary medical examiners .			
8	SEC	CTIO	N 22. A new section to chapter 43-29 of the North Dakota Century Code is created			
9	and ena	cted	as follows:			
0	<u>Unla</u>	<u>awfu</u>	I practice of veterinary technology - Penalty - Civil remedy.			
11	<u>1.</u>	<u>An</u>	individual is guilty of a class B misdemeanor if the individual:			
2		<u>a.</u>	Practices veterinary technology in this state without compliance with the			
3			provisions of this chapter;			
4		<u>b.</u>	Willfully and falsely claims or pretends to have or hold a license issued by the			
5			board; or			
6		<u>C.</u>	Willfully and falsely, with intent to deceive the public, claims or pretends to be a			
7			graduate of, or to hold a degree or diploma from, a program of veterinary			
8			technology approved by the board.			
9	<u>2.</u>	<u>In a</u>	addition to the criminal penalty provided, the civil remedy of injunction is available to			
20		res	train and enjoin violations of any provisions of this chapter without proof of actual			
21		dan	nages sustained by an individual, upon application and unanimous vote of all			
22		me	mbers of the board.			
23	SEC	CTIO	N 23. AMENDMENT. Subsection 2 of section 43-29-19 of the North Dakota			
24	Century	Cod	e is amended and reenacted as follows:			
25	2.	Oth	er than a controlled substance, a licensed veterinarian may dispense a veterinary			
26		pre	scription drug without establishing a veterinarian-client-patient relationship if:			
27		a.	The drug is prescribed by a licensed veterinarian or by a veterinarian licensed in			
28			another jurisdiction who has established a veterinarian-client-patient relationship;			
29		b.	The prescribing veterinarian has an inadequate supply of the drug, failure to			
30			dispense the drug would interrupt a therapeutic regimen, or failure to dispense			
≀1			the drug would cause an animal to suffer; and			

1		C.	The dispensing veterinarian verifies the prescription with the prescribing			
2			veterinarian.			
3	SECTION 24. A new section to chapter 43-29 of the North Dakota Century Code is created					
4	and enacted as follows:					
5	<u>Vete</u>	erina	ry telemedicine - Teleadvice and teletriage.			
6	<u>1.</u>	A ve	eterinarian may practice veterinary telemedicine if:			
7		<u>a.</u>	The veterinarian has established a veterinarian-client-patient relationship before			
8			the provision of veterinary telemedicine services;			
9		<u>b.</u>	The veterinarian employs sound professional judgement to determine whether			
10			the use of veterinary telemedicine is medically appropriate;			
11		<u>C.</u>	The veterinarian obtains appropriate consent from the client;			
12		<u>d.</u>	The veterinarian conducts all necessary patient evaluations consistent with			
13			currently acceptable standards of care;			
14		<u>e.</u>	The veterinarian maintains patient records according to rules promulgated by the			
15			board; and			
16		<u>f.</u>	The veterinarian ensures the client is aware of the veterinarian's identity, location,			
17			license number, and licensure status.			
18	<u>2.</u>	The	provision of teleadvice or teletriage by a veterinarian does not require the prior			
19		<u>esta</u>	ablishment of a veterinarian-client-patient relationship.			
20	<u>3.</u>	A ve	eterinary technician may perform teleadvice and teletriage without instructions from			
21		<u>a ve</u>	eterinarian.			
22	SECTION 25. A new section to chapter 43-29 of the North Dakota Century Code is created					
23	and enacted as follows:					
24	Source of data.					
25	The board shall be authorized to rely upon the expertise of and verified data gathered and					
26	stored by not for profit organizations that share in the public protection mission of the board					
27	including the American association of veterinary state boards to make determinations under this					
28	chapter and to promote uniformity and administrative efficiencies.					
29	SECTION 26. REPEAL. Sections 43-29-09, 43-29-10, 43-29-11, and 43-29-12.1 of the					
30	North Dakota Century Code are repealed.					